Institute of Translation & Interpreting

The thirty-nine steps

Questions you need to ask yourself when undertaking a translation

- Into what variant language is the translation to be made?
 e.g. Castilian Spanish, Mexican Spanish...
- What is the purpose of the translation?
 e.g. information, publication, use in
 - court, training...
- What is the target readership of the translation?
 e.g. literacy, specialist...
- 4. What is the intended quality level for the translation?
 - e.g. draft, revision, third party revised...
- Does the style or terminology used in the translation have to conform to any specific requirements?
 e.g. consistency with ISO document, house style, pharmacopoeia...
- Can any reference/background material be provided?
 e.g. prior correspondence, reports,
 - e.g. prior correspondence, reports glossaries, specifications...
- Who is the contact for queries?
 Keep records of the contact person's details: name, email, telephone...
- 8. Is the layout of the translation to comply with any particular requirements?
 - e.g. facsimile of the original, page for page...
- Are tables and graphical material to be incorporated with the text?
 e.g. figures, diagrams, equations, flow charts...
- Which particular word processing software requires the translation?
 e.g. MSWord, Macintosh, QuarkXpress...
- 11. In which format is the translation to be provided?
 - e.g. paper, diskette, electronic file...
- 12. When is the translation to be delivered?

Don't forget there is always a deadline for the submission of translations.

- 13. How is the translation to be delivered?
 - e.g. fax, modem, internet...

- 14. Where is the translation to be delivered?
 - e.g. client's address, intermediary, both, internet address...
- 15. Is any non-standard form of delivery required?
 - e.g. courier, express post, recorded/special delivery...
- 16. Before delivering: has the translation been properly checked?
 - e.g. correct terminology, spell-check, structure and syntax...
- 17. Does the target text read like a piece of original text in that language?
- 18. Is the source text, reference material, to be returned?
- 19. Does the translation have to be certified?
 - e.g. official documents. An ITI official translator can certify documents. If not, you have to go to a notary public, solicitor or registrar.
- 20. On what basis will the translation be charged?
 - e.g. target text length, source text length, time, lump sum...
- 21. What rate will be applied?
 - Some publications like the ITI Rates & Salaries survey will give you all the details about charges taking into account all the below specifications.
- 22. Will there be an additional charge for urgency?
 - e.g. unsociable hours, weekend working (see step 20)
- 23. Will there be an additional charge for complex layout?
 - e.g. multiple font changes, complex tables...
- 24. Will there be an additional charge for unusual difficulties?
 - e.g. poorly legible text, contact with foreign informants...
- Will there be an additional charge for special presentations
 e.g. bromides
- 26. Will there be an additional charge for research?
 - e.g. pertinent legislation, specialist terminology, prior documentation

- 27. Will there be an additional charge for attendance?
 - e.g for certifying a translation, travel to a collection point...
- 28. Will any other additional services be required?
 - e.g. post-editing, proof-reading...
- 29. Will VAT apply to these charges? Refer to step 20.
- **30.** How is payment to be made? e.g. single payment, advance + instalments...
- **31. When is payment to be made?** e.g. on delivery, 30 days.
- 32. What method of payment is to be
 - e.g. bank transfer, cheque, eurocheque, banker's draft...
- 33. Does foreign payment convey any charge?
 - e.g. foreign cheques, bank transfer's...
- 34. Is copyright to be retained or transferred?
 - e.g. by assignment, licence...
- To whom and under what conditions? See ITI Model Terms for Business.
- 36. Is the subject matter of the translation under confidentiality restrictions?
 - Refer to the previous step.
- 37. Is there any source of possible consequential liability of which the translator should be aware?
 e.g. printing of documentation...
- 38. Is there any likelihood of a possible liability, which might exceed the normal level of insurance cover?
- 39. What compensation should be agreed when a job is cancelled after work has begun? See step 35.

Further reading

ITI Reference 019 (10/02): Recommended Model General Terms of Business for commissioned Translation Work (1999)

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